MEME II: An Environment for Managing Meaning*

Octavio Suarez-Munist¹, William T. Hole², Robert J. Irons², Mark S. Erlbaum, MD¹, Nels E. Olson¹, Stephanie S. Lipow¹, Lloyd F. Fuller, PhD¹, Mark S. Tuttle¹, David D. Sherertz¹, Anil K. Ganju², Stuart J. Nelson, MD³, William G. Cole, PhD⁴ ¹Lexical Technology, Inc., Alameda, CA; ²National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, MD; ³Medical College of Georgia, Augusta, GA; ⁴Lexical Technology, Inc., Seattle, WA

The Metathesaurus Enhancement and Maintenance Environment (MEME) is used by the National Library of Medicine (NLM) to maintain, enhance and produce the

Unified Medical Language System (UMLS) Metathesaurus. By early 1996, the current version, MEME I, will have helped to produce five annual versions o f the Metathesaurus: Meta-1.2,



Figure 1 - MEME II data model.

Database); conversely if new terms were being inserted, editors could not do their work. A lesson learned from MEME I was that high availability of all MEME functions is important to

sustain productivity. Thus, a goal of MEME II is that all the activities pictured can proceed concurrently, and this requires efficient coordination of operations at every level.

Meta-1.3, Meta-1.4, the 1995 Metathesaurus, and the 1996 Metathesaurus. MEME II will be used to produce the 1997 Metathesaurus, beginning in early 1996.

Lexical Technology, Inc. (LTI) and the NLM are designing and implementing MEME II. MEME II will

be different than MEME-I in two critical respects: it will have a data model supports

actions and it will support "concurrent activities."

that "undoing" certain

Managing Inserting Merging Action Coordination Actions Releasing MID Editing **MEME II**

Figure 2 -- MEME II Concurrent Activities

The MEME II data model displayed in Figure 1 is implemented at the Atomic Action level displayed in

Figure 3. These actions are the only ones that modify the information represented in the Core Tables level. In turn, Atomic Actions are combined to form Molecular Actions. Molecular Actions modify information at what can be

thought of as the "concept" level. Applications invoke Molecular Actions to achieve some objective, e.g., to carry out an editor command or to complete the batch insertion of a new terminology. Finally, Activities are ongoing processes that produce deliverables, e.g., some quantity of edited entries, some number of sources inserted and merged, a version of the Metathesaurus, etc.

Undoing: Figure 1, shows that MEME II Actions commands that change meaning in the Metathesaurus are represented as data.1 Among other things, this allows (human) editors, or applications, to view the state of a Metathesaurus entry before it was last changed, or before all changes made to it since the last

"checkpoint." The most important practical impact of this is that MEME II will almost always support a single level of "undo".

Concurrent Activities: An assumption implicit in Figure 1, namely that all units meaning are represented homogeneously and can manipulated by a fixed repertoire of actions, permits the benefits illustrated in Figure 2. In MEME I, each of the activities illustrated in Figure 2 required exclusive control of the database. If editors were working, new sources of terms could not be inserted into the MID (Metathesaurus Information

Activities Applications **Molecular Actions Atomic Actions Core Tables**

Figure 3 - MEME II Layers

In summary, MEME I required the strict serialization of the many activities necessary to manage meaning; MEME II is our first attempt to coordinate these activities so that they may be undertaken concurrently.

References

- Supported by the NLM contract N01-LM-3-3515.
- Tuttle, MS, et al. Merging Terminologies. MEDINFO95, RA Greenes, et al., editors, IMIA 1995, 162-166.